PILLAR 3 (BASEL III) DISCLOSURES AS ON 31.12.2023 CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

Qualitative disclosures

(a) A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities

The Bank carries out regular assessment of its capital requirement from time to time to maintain the capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) at desired level. The capital plan is reviewed on annual basis to take care of business growth and CRAR.

The Bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk for computation of risk weight.

The Bank has put in place a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process to enable the Bank to plan its capital requirements in relation to its business projections and to meet the risks inherent in the business. The main objective of ICAAP exercise is to identify and measure the risks that are not fully captured by the minimum capital ratio prescribed under Pillar I; the risks that are not at all taken into account by the pillar I; and the factors external to the Bank and to provide capital for such additional risks and to measure an appropriate level of internal capital as per the risk appetite. The Bank has also put in place the stress testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenario on its CRAR.

The Bank reviews the ICAAP on quarterly basis.

The Bank has taken initiatives to migrate to advanced approaches for Capital Adequacy Computation, and has implemented SAS solution for computation of risk weight under Advanced Approach.

Quantitative disclosures	
(b) Capital requirements for credit risk:	
• Portfolios subject to standardized approach @9%	Rs. 13634.12 Crore
• Securitization exposures :	NIL
(c) Capital requirements for market risk:	
Standardized duration approach;	
- Interest rate risk	Rs. 551.43 Crore
- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	Rs. 7.20 Crore
- Equity risk	Rs. 345.34 Crore
(d) Capital requirements for operational risk:	Rs. 1,764.58 Crore
Basic Indicator Approach	
(e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital	
ratios:	
Common Equity Tier 1	12.17%
• Tier 1	12.17%
Total Capital ratio	14.74%

General qualitative disclosure requirement

A committee of Board of Directors regularly oversees the Bank's Risk Management policies/practices under various risks viz. credit, operational, market, etc. The Bank also has separate committees comprising of top executives of Bank, headed by Managing Director & CEO and Executive Directors, such as Asset Liability Management Committee, Credit Risk Management Committee and Operational Risk Management Committee. These committees meet at regular intervals to assess and monitor the level of risk under various operations and initiate appropriate mitigation measures wherever necessary.

The Risk Management Department at Central Office headed by the Chief Risk Officer measures controls and manages risk within the limits set by the Board and enforces compliance with risk parameters set by the committees. The Chief Risk Officer is assisted by a team of Deputy General Managers, Assistant General Managers, Chief Managers, Senior Managers and Managers.

Risk Managers are posted at all Zonal offices who act as extended arms of Risk Management Department of Central Office. Risk Managers have also been identified at Regional Offices.

The Bank has in place detailed policies such as Credit Risk Policy, Model Risk Policy, Credit Rating Policy, Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, Enterprise Risk Management Policy, Operational Risk Management Policies, ALM Policy, Market Risk Management Policy, etc.

Besides these, the Loan Policy prescribe the parameters governing loan sourcing, guidelines on appraisal and evaluation of credit proposals, lending powers of delegated authorities, exposure norms and prudential limits.

Credit Monitoring Department headed by a General Manager monitors the loan portfolio, identifies Special Mention Accounts and takes corrective measures. Loan Review Mechanism is implemented by the department apart from managing of accounts under CDR mechanism.

Dynamic Review of all account with exposure above Rs 300 Crore is also under taken at specified frequency. Further, Dynamic Review of accounts with exposure above Rs 25 crore is under taken as and when any trigger/event takes place. Credit monitoring policy prescribes the methodology for monitoring and supervising the credit portfolio.

The Bank has introduced rating models for different segments of borrowers including retail lending schemes which measure the risks associated with counterparties and helps in making lending and pricing decisions. In case of large borrowers, credit risk assessment models evaluate Financial risk, Industry risk, Management risk and Business risk of the counter party. Conduct of account is also factored in for arriving at an overall rating of the counter party. If parental support as corporate guarantee is available, it is also factored in. To assess the risk return trade off, RAROC is computed and used in decision making.

Table DF-3 Credit risk: General disclosures for all banks

Qualitative Disclosures

Credit risk

Impaired:

The Working Group to review the existing prudential guidelines on restructuring of advances by banks/financial institutions in its report dated 20.07.2012 observed that as per international accounting standards, accounts are generally treated as impaired on restructuring and recommended that similar practice should be followed in India. Ind AS 109 contains guidance on the recognition, derecognition, classification and measurement of financial instruments including impairment and hedge accounting

A Non-Performing Asset shall be a loan or an advance where-

- (i) Interest and/or instalment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a Term Loan;
- (ii) The account remains out of order for 90 days
- (iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of Bills Purchased and Discounted
- (iv) In case of advances granted for Agricultural purposes
 - a) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
 - b) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops
- (v) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated February 1, 2006.
- (vi) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark to- market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

Out of Order:

An account should be treated as "Out of Order" if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power, or in cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited in the account during the same period.

Overdue:

Any amount due to a bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on due date fixed by the bank.

Credit Risk Management Policy

The Bank has put in place a well-articulated Board approved Credit Risk Policy which is reviewed annually. The policy deals with the following areas:

- Credit risk- definition, Policy and strategy
- Risk identification & measurement,
- Risk grading and aggregation,
- Credit risk rating framework and reporting,
- Risk control and portfolio management,
- Mitigation techniques,
- Target markets and type of economic activity,
- Credit approval authority,
- Country and currency exposure,
- Maturity patterns, level of diversification,
- Cyclical aspect of the economy,
- Credit risk in off balance sheet exposure,
- Credit risk monitoring procedures
- Managing of credit risk in interbank exposure,
- Country risk and other operational matters

(Rs. in Crore) **Quantitative Disclosures:** (a) Total gross credit risk exposures: Fund based*: 4,19,451 Non-fund based: 43,080 *includes cash, balances with banks, investments, etc. (b) Geographic distribution of exposures: 16,397 Overseas Domestic 4,46,134

(c)

Industry Name	Rs. in Crore	Rs. in Crore	Rs. in Crore
	Funded	Non-Funded	Investment
A. Mining and Quarrying (A.1 + A.2)	418.95	17.61	0
A.1 Coal	170.61	0	0
A.2 Others	248.34	17.61	0
B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5)	4850.88	473.72	409.29
B.1 Sugar	729.27	12.08	348.26
B.2 Oils	571.45	17.99	0.01
B.3 Tea	170.70	4.66	0.07
B.4 Coffee	4.34	0	0
B.5 Others	3375.12	438.99	60.95
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco (C.1 + C.2)	224.30	9.81	0
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	3.06	0	0
C.2 Others	221.24	9.81	0
D. Textiles	5520.37	322.93	220.54
D.1 Cotton	1646.18	78.29	192.83
D.2 Jute	228.40	36.61	0.03
D.3 Man-made, of which	234.75	10.44	0
D.4 Others	3411.04	197.59	27.68
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills	326.16	44.79	0
E. Leather and Leather products	156.65	8.17	0
F. Wood and Wood Products	167.71	3.74	0
G. Paper and Paper Products	324.36	31.85	31.22
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non- mining) and Nuclear Fuels	933.27	3.64	263.29
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints,	1707.96	273.29	14.65
etc.) (I.1 to I.4)			
I.1 Fertilizers	27.98	7.51	0.04
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	459.99	86.34	12.58
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under	80.32	88.40	0
Infrastructure)	1100.67	01.04	2.02
I.4 Others	1139.67	91.04	2.03
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	381.34	6.90	0
K. Glass & Glassware	54.75	4.39	0

L. Cement and Cement Products	1096.19	69.35	0
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products (M.1 + M.2)	10485.26	424.08	222.29
M.1 Iron and Steel	8767.40	284.15	41.80
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	1717.86	139.93	180.49
N. All Engineering (N.1 + N.2)	7913.21	1803.42	378.28
N.1 Electronics	5227.92	92.42	20.09
N.2 Others	2685.29	1711.00	358.19
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport	2073.25	144.29	17.49
Equipment's			
P. Gems and Jewellery	2928.26	22.71	7.70
Q. Construction	6113.45	6321.30	219.36
R. Infrastructure	34413.87	1814.11	6143.77
R.1 Transport and adjoining Infrastructure	11009.43	433.04	1163.85
R.1.1 Roads and Bridges	9452.36	422.94	1163.85
R.1.1.1 Highways	9376.07	422.94	1163.85
R.1.1.2 Other Roads	76.29	0	0
R.1.2 Ports	142.20	0	0
R.1.3 Shipyards	167.91	0	0
R.1.4 Inland Waterways	0.00	0	0
R.1.5 Airport	1019.91	0	0
R.1.6 Railway track including electrical &	104.55	0	0
signaling system, tunnels, viaducts, bridges			
R.1.7 Railway rolling stock along with workshop	0	0	0
and associated maintenance facilities			
R.1.8 Railway terminal infrastructure including	0	0	0
stations and adjoining commercial infrastructure			
R.1.9 Urban Public Transport (except rolling stock	72.62	6.00	0
in case of urban road transport)	40.00		
R.1.10 Logistics Infrastructure	49.88	4.10	0
R.1.11 Bulk Material Transportation Pipelines	0	0	0
R.2 Energy	19205.83	1095.17	4672.28
R.2.1 Electricity (Generation)	12487.88	830.63	4672.28
R.2.1.1 Central Govt PSUs	5332.24	0	1070.93
R.2.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	1401.77	5.91	2610.81
R.2.1.3 Private Sector	5753.87	824.72	990.54
R.2.2. Electricity (Transmission)	78	6.38	0
R.2.2.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0	0
R.2.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	78	4.77	0
R.2.2.3 Private Sector	0	1.61	0
R.2.3. Electricity (Distribution)	4771.19	258.16	0

R.2.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0	0
R.2.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	4739.34	220.66	0
R.2.3.3 Private Sector	31.85	37.50	0
R.2.3.4 Oil Pipelines	0	0	0
R.2.4 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)	1868.76	0	0
storage facility			
R.2.5 Gas Pipelines	0	0	0
R.3 Water and Sanitation	642.87	4.74	0
R.3.1 Solid Waste Management	0	0	0
R.3.2 Water supply pipelines	1.97	0	0
R.3.3 Water treatment plants	8.18	4.74	0
R.3.4 Sewage collection, treatment and disposal	0	0	0
system			
R.3.5 Irrigation (dams, channels, embankments etc)	630.80	0	0
R.3.6 Storm Water Drainage System	0	0	0
R.3.7 Slurry Pipelines	1.92	0	0
R.4 Communication	506.74	129.20	37.88
R.4.1. Telecommunication (Fixed network)	0	0	0
R.4.2. Telecommunication towers	0	0	0
R.4.3 Telecommunication and Telecom Services	506.74	129.20	37.88
R.5 Social and Commercial Infrastructure	2829.60	151.63	0
R.5.1 Education Institutions (capital stock)	726.34	20.00	0
R.5.2 Sports Infrastructure	57.91	0	0
R.5.3 Hospitals (capital stock)	602.19	95.27	0
R.5.4 Tourism Infrastructure	977.74	25.81	0
R.5.4.1 Three-star or higher category classified	977.74	25.81	0
hotels located outside cities with population of more			
than 1 million			
R.5.4.2 Ropeways and cable cars	0	0	0
R.5.4.3 Others	0	0	0
R.5.5 Common infrastructure for Industrial Parks	0	0	0
and other parks with industrial activity such as food			
parks, textile parks, Special Economic Zones, tourism			
facilities and agriculture markets	_		
R.5.5 Fertilizer (Capital investment)	0	0	0
R. 5.6 Post harvest storage infrastructure for	465.42	10.55	0
agriculture and horticultural produce including cold			
storage			
R.5.7 Terminal markets	0	0	0

R.5.8 Soil-testing laboratories	0	0	0
R.5.9 Cold Chain	0	0	0
R.5.10 Sports Infrastructure	0	0	0
R.5.11 Affordable Housing	0	0	0
R.5.12 Affordable Rental Housing Complex	0	0	0
R.5.13 Exhibition-cum-Convention Centre	0	0	0
R.6. Others, if any, please specify	219.40	0.32	269.76
S. Other Industries	14635.22	1945.24	65.26
All Industries (A to S)	94399.25	13700.55	7993.15
Residuary other advances (to tally with gross	213826.54	4153.71	8277.47
advances)			
Total	308225.79	17854.26	16270.62

Industry exposure is more than 5% of gross exposure

	Funded	Non-Funded	Investment
Infrastructure	34,413.87	1,814.11	6,143.77
Energy	19,205.83	1,095.17	4672.28

(d) Residual maturity breakdown of Performing Assets:

Day 1	43479.62
02 days to 07 days:	2147.73
08 days to 14 days:	2397.43
15 days to 30 days:	5569.93
31days to 2 months:	9099.59
Above 2 months to 3 months:	11661.72
Above 3 months to 6 months	23610.65
Above 6 months to 12 months:	24583.75
Above 1 year to 3 year	119025.89
Above 3 years to 5 years	35636.30

Over 5 years	98582.40	
Total	375795.00	
(e) Amount of NPAs (Gross) Substandard Doubtful 1 Doubtful 2 Doubtful 3 Loss (f) Net NPAs		10,786 1,995 3,847 2,884 744 1,316 2,956
(g) NPA Ratios Gross NPAs to gross advances Net NPAs to net advances		4.50% 1.27%
(h) Movement of NPAs (Gross) Opening balance Additions Reductions NPA (Gross)		10,666 750 630 10,786
(i) Movement of provisions for NPAs		
 Opening balance Provisions made during 		5,826.51
 Provisions made during the period 		1,929.00
 Write-off/Write-back of excess provisions 		1,100.18
Closing balance		6,655.33
(j) Amount of Non- Performing Investments		2,466.52
(k) Amount of provisions held for non-performing investments		2,466.35

(l) Movement of provisions/depreciation on		
investments:		
 Opening balance Provisions made during the period Write-off Write back of excess provision Closing balance 		5,803.96 602.21 NIL 239.74 6166.43
(n) Amount of NPA by 5		
major industry (Rs. in cr)	Industry Name	Gross NPAs
	Infrastructure	696.79
	Basic Metal and Metal Products	490.23
	Food Processing	352.56
	Textiles	339.58
	All Engineering	160.25
(o) Amount of NPA by geographic areas (Rs. in cr)	Overseas Domestic 0 10,786	

Table DF-4

Credit risk: disclosures for portfolios subject to the standardized approach

Qualitative Disclosures

- a. The Bank has adopted Standardized approach for computation of capital charge for Credit risk as per RBI guidelines. These guidelines envisage different risk weights for different asset classes, which have been duly applied.
- b. The Bank has recognized the ratings issued by six External Credit Rating Agencies identified by RBI viz., CRISIL Ratings Ltd., CARE Rating, ICRA Ltd., India Ratings and Research Pvt. ltd, ACUITE (SMERA) Ratings, and INFOMERICS to rate the exposures of borrowers.
- c. These agencies rate all fund and non-fund based exposures. The ratings awarded by these agencies to the Bank's borrowers are adopted for assigning risk-weights.

In case of Bank's investment in particular issues of Corporates, the issue specific rating of the rating agency is reckoned to assign the risk weight.

Rs. in Crore

Quantitative Disclosures: (b) For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach	
 Below 100 % risk weight: 100 % risk weight More than 100 % risk weight Amount Deducted-CRM 	399414 47516 15602 19329

Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments The main features of Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

Details	Equity
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A01010
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Common Shares
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in Crore, as of most recent reporting date)	Rs. 8681
Par value of instrument	Rs. 10 per share
Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity
Original date of issuance	Various
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
Original maturity date	N.A.
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	N.A.

Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	N.A.
Convertible or non-convertible	N.A.
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument	All depositors and others
type immediately senior to instrument)	Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS
Non-compliant transitioned features	No
If yes, specify non-compliant features	
If convertible, conversion rate If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into Write-down feature If write-down, write-down trigger(s) If write-down, full or partial If write-down, permanent or temporary If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument) Non-compliant transitioned features	N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. All depositors and others Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS

The main features of BASEL III compliant Tier 2 Bonds are given below:

	SR III	SR IV	SR V	SR VI
Issuer				
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09286	INE483A08023	INE483A08031	INE483A08049
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment				
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments

Amount				
recognised in				
regulatory				
capital (Rs. in	500	500	500	1500
Crore, as of	300	300	300	1300
most recent				
reporting date)				
reporting date)				
Par value of	Rs. 10 Lakhs	Rs. 10 Lakhs	Rs. 10 Lakhs	Rs 1 Crore
instrument				
<u> </u>	LIADILITY	I I A DIL ITSI	LIADHITTS	I I A DIL ITA
Accounting	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
classification				
Original date of	29.03.2019	30.09.2019	20.03.2020	30.08.2023
issuance				
Perpetual or	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
dated				
Original	29.05.2029	30.11.2029	20.05.2030	30.08.2033
maturity date	29.03.2029	30.11.2029	20.03.2030	30.08.2033
maturity date				
Issuer call	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
subject to prior				
supervisory				
approval				
Optional call	29.05.2024	30.11.2024	20.05.2025	30.08.2028
date, contingent				
call dates and				
redemption				
amount				
Subsequent call	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
dates, if				
applicable				
Coupons /				
dividends				
airiacias				

Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	10.80%	9.80%	9.20%	8.80%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	YES	YES	YES	YES
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger")	Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of	These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger")	These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger")
If write-down, full or partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Full
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary	Temporary	Temporary	Permanent

TC	T. 1 11 1	T. 1 11 1	T. 1 11 1	27.4
If temporary			It should be	NA
write-down,	done at least		done at least	
description of	one year after	1	one year after	
write-up	the bank makes	the bank makes	the bank makes	
mechanism	the first	the first	the first	
	payment of	payment of	payment of	
	dividend to its	dividend to its	dividend to its	
	common	common	common	
	shareholders	shareholders	shareholders	
	after breaching	after breaching	after breaching	
	the pre-	the pre-	the pre-	
	specified	specified	specified	
	trigger.	trigger.	trigger.	
	Aggregate	Aggregate		
	write-up in a	write-up in a	Aggregate	
	year should be	year should be	write-up in a	
	restricted to a	restricted to a	year should be	
	percentage of	percentage of	restricted to a	
	dividends	dividends	percentage of	
	declared during	declared during	dividends	
	a year, the	a year, the	declared during	
	percentage	percentage	a year, the	
	being the ratio	-	percentage	
	of the 'equity		being the ratio	
	created by	1	of the 'equity	
	written-down	written-down	created by	
	bonds' to 'the		written-down	
	total equity		bonds' to 'the	
	minus the		total equity	
	equity created		minus the	
	by written-		equity created	
	down bonds'.	down bonds'.	1 0	
	down bonds.	down bonds.	"	
	A ~~~~ + -	A	down bonds'.	
	Aggregate	Aggregate		
	write-up in a	_		
	year, should		write-up in a	
	also not exceed		year, should	
	25% of the		also not exceed	
	amount paid as	amount paid as	25% of the	

	dividend to the common shareholders in a particular	dividend to the common shareholders in a particular	amount paid as dividend to the common shareholders in	
	year.	year.	a particular year.	
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	NO	NO	NO	NO
If yes, specify non-compliant features	-	-	-	

(RAJ KOKIL SINGH)
DY. GENERAL MANAGER-RMD

(Dr. BHASKAR G.) CHIEF RISK OFFICER

(MAHENDRA DOHARE) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (M.V MURALI KRISHNA) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(VIVEK WAHI) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR (M. V. RAO)
MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO