PILLAR 3 (BASEL III) DISCLOSURES AS ON 30.06.2022 CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

Oualitative disclosures

(a) A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities

The Bank carries out regular assessment of its capital requirement from time to time to maintain the capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) at desired level. The capital plan is reviewed on annual basis to take care of business growth and CRAR.

The Bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk for computation of risk weight.

The Bank has put in place a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process to enable the Bank to plan its capital requirements in relation to its business projections and to meet the risks inherent in the business. The main objective of ICAAP exercise is to identify and measure the risks that are not fully captured by the minimum capital ratio prescribed under Pillar I; the risks that are not at all taken into account by the pillar I; and the factors external to the Bank and to provide capital for such additional risks and to measure an appropriate level of internal capital as per the risk appetite. The Bank has also put in place the stress testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenario on its CRAR.

The Bank reviews the ICAAP on quarterly basis.

The Bank has taken initiatives to migrate to advanced approaches for Capital Adequacy Computation, and has implemented SAS solution for computation of risk weight under Advanced Approach.

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Quantitative disclosures	
(b) Capital requirements for credit risk:	
• Portfolios subject to standardized approach @9%	Rs. 11,183.28 Crore
• Securitization exposures :	NIL
(c) Capital requirements for market risk:	
Standardized duration approach;	
- Interest rate risk	Rs. 456.77 Crore
- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	Rs. 4.05 Crore
- Equity risk	Rs. 250.54 Crore
(d) Capital requirements for operational risk:	Rs. 1,539.24 Crore
Basic Indicator Approach	
(e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital	
ratios:	
• Common Equity Tier 1	11.41%
• Tier 1	11.41%
Total Capital ratio	13.33%

General qualitative disclosure requirement

A committee of Board of Directors regularly oversees the Bank's Risk Management policies/practices under various risks viz. credit, operational, market, etc. The Bank also has separate committees comprising of top executives of Bank, headed by Managing Director & CEO and Executive Directors, such as Asset Liability Management Committee, Credit Risk Management Committee and Operational Risk Management Committee. These committees meet at regular intervals to assess and monitor the level of risk under various operations and initiate appropriate mitigation measures wherever necessary.

The Risk Management Department at Central Office headed by the Chief Risk Officer measures controls and manages risk within the limits set by the Board and enforces compliance with risk parameters set by the committees. The Chief Risk Officer is assisted by a team of Deputy General Managers, Assistant General Managers, Chief Managers, Senior Managers and Managers.

Risk Managers are posted at all Zonal offices who act as extended arms of Risk Management Department of Central Office. Risk Managers have also been identified at Regional Offices.

The Bank has in place detailed policies such as Credit Risk Policy, Model Risk Policy, Credit Rating Policy, Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, Enterprise Risk Management Policy, Operational Risk Management Policies, ALM Policy, Market Risk Management Policy, etc.

Besides these, the Loan Policy prescribe the parameters governing loan sourcing, guidelines on appraisal and evaluation of credit proposals, lending powers of delegated authorities, exposure norms and prudential limits.

Credit Monitoring Department headed by a General Manager monitors the loan portfolio, identifies Special Mention Accounts and takes corrective measures. Loan Review Mechanism is implemented by the department apart from managing of accounts under CDR mechanism.

Dynamic Review of all account with exposure above Rs 300 Crore is also under taken at specified frequency. Further, Dynamic Review of accounts with exposure above Rs 25 crore is under taken as and when any trigger/event takes place. Credit monitoring policy prescribes the methodology for monitoring and supervising the credit portfolio.

The Bank has introduced rating models for different segments of borrowers including retail lending schemes which measure the risks associated with counterparties and helps in making lending and pricing decisions. In case of large borrowers, credit risk assessment models evaluate Financial risk, Industry risk, Management risk and Business risk of the counter party. Conduct of account is also factored in for arriving at an overall rating of the counter party. If parental support as corporate guarantee is available, it is also factored in. To assess the risk return trade off, RAROC is computed and used in decision making.

Table DF-3 Credit risk: General disclosures for all banks

Qualitative Disclosures

Credit risk

Impaired:

The Working Group to review the existing prudential guidelines on restructuring of advances by banks/financial institutions in its report dated 20.07.2012 observed that as per international accounting standards, accounts are generally treated as impaired on restructuring and recommended that similar practice should be followed in India. Ind AS 109 contains guidance on the recognition, derecognition, classification and measurement of financial instruments including impairment and hedge accounting

A Non-Performing Asset shall be a loan or an advance where-

- (i) Interest and/or instalment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a Term Loan;
- (ii) The account remains out of order for 90 days
- (iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of Bills Purchased and Discounted
- (iv) In case of advances granted for Agricultural purposes
 - a) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
 - b) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops
- (v) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated February 1, 2006.
- (vi) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark to- market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

Out of Order:

An account should be treated as "Out of Order" if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power, or in cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited in the account during the same period.

Overdue:

Any amount due to a bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on due date fixed by the bank.

Credit Risk Management Policy

The Bank has put in place a well-articulated Board approved Credit Risk Policy which is reviewed annually. The policy deals with the following areas:

- Credit risk- definition, Policy and strategy
- Risk identification & measurement,
- Risk grading and aggregation,
- Credit risk rating framework and reporting,
- Risk control and portfolio management,
- Mitigation techniques,
- Target markets and type of economic activity,
- Credit approval authority,
- Country and currency exposure,
- Maturity patterns, level of diversification,
- Cyclical aspect of the economy,
- Credit risk in off balance sheet exposure,
- Credit risk monitoring procedures
- Managing of credit risk in interbank exposure,
- Country risk and other operational matters

(Rs. in Crore)

Quantitative Disclosures:	
(a) Total gross credit risk	
exposures:	
Fund based*:	3,64,280.15
Non-fund based:	40,017.63
*includes cash, balances with	
banks, investments, etc.	
(b) Geographic distribution	
of exposures:	
- Oversess	13,366.00
OverseasDomestic	
 Domestic 	3,90,931.78

(c)

Industry Name	Rs. in Crore	Rs. in Crore	Rs. in Crore
	Funded	Non-Funded	Investment
A. Mining and Quarrying (A.1 + A.2)	352.16	5.99	0
A.1 Coal	253.04	2.93	0
A.2 Others	99.12	3.06	0
B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5)	3,237.83	895.85	486.13
B.1 Sugar	691.56	11.59	425.10
B.2 Oils	476.75	9.12	0.01
B.3 Tea	20.90	2.47	0.07
B.4 Coffee	1.11	0	0
B.5 Others	2,047.51	872.67	60.95
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco (C.1 + C.2)	119.03	1.29	0
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	3.64	0	0
C.2 Others	115.39	1.29	0
D. Textiles	3,699.91	244.83	292.24
D.1 Cotton	1,760.18	200.73	183.81
D.2 Jute	134.05	23.00	0.03
D.3 Man-made, of which	352.25	1.40	0
D.4 Others	1,453.43	19.70	108.40
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills	382.17	6.95	0
E. Leather and Leather products	173.89	7.79	0
F. Wood and Wood Products	242.53	47.26	0
G. Paper and Paper Products	596.47	82.55	44.99
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-	2,527.96	167.10	763.46
mining) and Nuclear Fuels	2.417.62	504.00	11.50
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) (I.1 to I.4)	2,415.62	794.88	11.53
I.1 Fertilizers	208.23	30.28	0.04
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	912.77	694.23	9.46
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under	184.71	7.22	0
Infrastructure)			
I.4 Others	1,109.91	63.15	2.03
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	1,091.87	167.02	0
K. Glass & Glassware	80.56	23.31	0
L. Cement and Cement Products	1,184.23	108.46	0
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products (M.1 + M.2)	6,725.93	1,553.50	280.16
M.1 Iron and Steel	3,934.33	305.31	52.76
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	2,791.60	1,248.19	227.40
N. All Engineering (N.1 + N.2)	5,873.93	2,569.14	303.31
N.1 Electronics	3,211.79	146.46	20.09

N.2 Others	2,662.14	2,422.68	283.22
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport	1,473.17	127.75	17.49
Equipment's	1,4/3.1/	121.13	17.47
P. Gems and Jewellery	3,304.49	96.57	7.70
Q. Construction	4,152.68	2,998.66	202.89
R. Infrastructure	29,668.98	3,629.73	6,783.91
R.1 Transport and adjoining Infrastructure	10,733.72	98.23	1,167.02
R.1.1 Roads and Bridges	9,178.24	65.00	1,167.02
R.1.1.1 Highways	8,877.30	65.00	1,167.02
R.1.1.1 Highways R.1.1.2 Other Roads	300.94	05.00	0
R.1.1.2 Other Roads R.1.2 Ports	450.00	0	0
R.1.3 Shipyards	534.36	0	0
R.1.4 Inland Waterways	0	0	0
-	261.90	0	
R.1.5 Airport	18.55	28.97	0
R.1.6 Railway track including electrical & signaling system, tunnels, viaducts, bridges	10.33	28.97	U
R.1.7 Railway rolling stock along with workshop	0	0	
and associated maintenance facilities	0	0	0
R.1.8 Railway terminal infrastructure including	0	0	0
stations and adjoining commercial infrastructure	0	o	U
R.1.9 Urban Public Transport (except rolling stock	258.18	0	0
in case of urban road transport)	230.10	Ů,	O .
R.1.10 Logistics Infrastructure	32.49	4.26	0
R.1.11 Bulk Material Transportation Pipelines	0	0	0
R.2 Energy	14,070.68	1,018.84	5,308.72
R.2.1 Electricity (Generation)	7,707.51	474.57	5,308.72
R.2.1.1 Central Govt PSUs	1,443.58	0	1,061.70
R.2.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	968.72	5.90	3,256.48
R.2.1.3 Private Sector	5,295.21	468.67	990.54
R.2.2. Electricity (Transmission)	86.90	37.50	0
R.2.2.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0	0
R.2.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	78.00	0	0
R.2.2.3 Private Sector	8.90	37.50	0
R.2.3. Electricity (Distribution)	5,903.71	498.43	0
R.2.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0	0
R.2.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	5,903.71	498.43	0
R.2.3.3 Private Sector	0	0	0
R.2.3.4 Oil Pipelines	0	0	0
R.2.3.5 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)	372.56	4.95	0
storage facility	372.50	7.73	O
R.2.3.6 Gas Pipelines	0	3.39	0
R.3 Water and Sanitation	918.85	5.91	0
R.3.1 Solid Waste Management	1.08	0	0
R.3.2 Water supply pipelines	1.18	0	0
R.3.3 Water treatment plants	7.11	4.64	0
K.S.S water treatment plants	/.11	4.04	U

R.3.4 Sewage collection, treatment and disposal	7.48	1.27	0
R.3.5 Irrigation (dams, channels, embankments etc)	769.83	0	0
R.3.6 Storm Water Drainage System	132.17	0	0
R.3.7 Slurry Pipelines	0	0	0
R.4 Communication	506.74	2,375.00	37.88
			_
R.4.1. Telecommunication (Fixed network)	0	0	0
R.4.2. Telecommunication towers	0	0	0
R.4.3 Telecommunication and Telecom Services	506.74	2,375.00	37.88
R.5 Social and Commercial Infrastructure	2,169.27	131.75	0
R.5.1 Education Institutions (capital stock)	738.92	25.72	0
R.5.2 Hospitals (capital stock)	433.53	78.22	0
R.5.3 Tourism Infrastructure	567.42	18.49	0
R.5.3.1 Three-star or higher category classified	522.12	18.49	0
hotels located outside cities with population of more			
than 1 million			
R.5.3.2 Ropeways and cable cars	45.30	0	0
R.5.3.3 Others	0	0	0
R.5.4 Common infrastructure for Industrial Parks			
and other parks with industrial activity such as food	106.70	2.57	0
parks, textile parks, Special Economic Zones, tourism	196.70	3.57	0
facilities and agriculture markets			
R.5.5 Fertilizer (Capital investment)	0	0	0
R. 5.6 Post harvest storage infrastructure for			
agriculture and horticultural produce including cold	119.18	5.75	0
storage			
R.5.7 Terminal markets	0.27	0	0
R.5.8 Soil-testing laboratories	0.16	0	0
R.5.9 Cold Chain	1.16	0	0
R.5.10 Sports Infrastructure	109.69	0	0
R.5.11 Affordable Housing	2.24	0	0
R.5.12 Affordable Rental Housing Complex	0	0	0
R.5.13 Exhibition-cum-Convention Centre	0	0	0
R.6. Others, if any, please specify	1,269.72	0	270.29
S. Other Industries	35,686.36	3,984.63	29.44
All Industries (A to S)	1,02,607.60	17,506.31	9,223.25
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Residuary other advances (to tally with gross	1		
Residuary other advances (to tally with gross advances)	1,40,313.46	979.86	9,555.05

	Funded	Non-Funded	Investme	ent
nfrastructure	29,668.98	3,629.73	6,783	.91
Including Energy) Energy	14,070.68	1,018.84	5,308	.7
) Residual maturity breakd	own of Performing Ass	ets:		
Day 1			33,096.46	
02 days to 07 days:			458.46	
08 days to 14 days:			488.27	
15 days to 30 days:			1,877.82	
31days to 2 months:			3,495.65	
Above 2 months to 3 m	onths:		5,722.57	
Above 3 months to 6 m	onths		19,138.29	
Above 6 months to 12 i	months:		18,469.80	
Above 1 year to 3 year			1,00,976.30	
Above 3 years to 5 years	rs		35,097.35	
Over 5 years			81,776.79	
Total			3,00,597.80	
 Amount of NPAs (Gross Substandard Doubtful 1 Doubtful 2 Doubtful 3 Loss Net NPAs) NPA Ratios 	3)		3,3 5,2 5,5 6,7 8,1 6,7	23 54 72 14
 Gross NPAs to groadvances Net NPAs to nadvances 	et et		14.9 3.9	

(h) Movement of NPAs		
(Gross)		28,156
Opening balance		2,086
• Additions		1,240
ReductionsNPA (Gross)		29,002
- IVI A (Gloss)		29,002
(i) Movement of provisions for NPAs		
Opening balance		20,465.87
Provisions made during the period		789.47
the period Write-off/Write-back of		154.90
excess provisions Closing balance		21,100.44
(j) Amount of Non- Performing Investments		2,832.60
(k) Amount of provisions held for non-performing investments		2,625.40
(l) Movement of		
provisions/depreciation on		
investments:		
		5 072 20
 Opening balance 		5,972.30 132.30
Provisions made during the period		NIL
■ Write-off		
■ Write back of excess		165.90
provision		5,938.70
Closing balance		3,730.70
(n) Amount of NPA by 5		
major industry (Rs. in cr)	Industry Name	Gross NPAs
	Infrastructure	4,104.08
	All Engineering	3,298.85
	Basic Metal and Metal Products	1,390.92
	Textiles	1,179.23
	Food Processing	1,167.51

(0)	Amount	of	NPA	by
	graphic ar			

Overseas	Domestic
0	29001.63

Table DF-4

Credit risk: disclosures for portfolios subject to the standardized approach

Qualitative Disclosures

- a. The Bank has adopted Standardized approach for computation of capital charge for Credit risk as per RBI guidelines. These guidelines envisage different risk weights for different asset classes, which have been duly applied.
- b. The Bank has recognized the ratings issued by seven External Credit Rating Agencies identified by RBI viz., CRISIL Ratings Ltd., CARE Rating, ICRA Ltd., India Ratings and Research Pvt. ltd, ACUITE (SMERA) Ratings, BRICKWORK and INFOMERICS to rate the exposures of borrowers.
- c. These agencies rate all fund and non-fund based exposures. The ratings awarded by these agencies to the Bank's borrowers are adopted for assigning risk-weights.

In case of Bank's investment in particular issues of Corporates, the issue specific rating of the rating agency is reckoned to assign the risk weight.

Rs. in Crore

Quantitative Disclosures:	
(b) For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach	
 Below 100 % risk weight: 100 % risk weight More than 100 % risk weight Amount Deducted-CRM 	3,39,188.08 47,072.36 18,037.33 15,711.78

Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments The main features of Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

Details	Equity
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for	INE483A01010
private placement)	
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Common Shares
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in Crore, as of most recent reporting date)	Rs. 8681
Par value of instrument	Rs. 10 per share
Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity
Original date of issuance	Various
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
Original maturity date	N.A.
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	N.A.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary

Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	N.A.
Convertible or non-convertible	N.A.
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and others Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS
Non-compliant transitioned features	No
If yes, specify non-compliant features	

SERIES DETAILS	Sr. II PDI
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09252
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in Crore, as of most recent reporting date)	0
Par value of instrument	Rs.10 lakhs
Accounting classification	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	28.09.2012
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
Original maturity date	N.A
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	28.09.2022
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	9.40% p.a.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or	Mandatory

mandatory	
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	Not Applicable
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write- up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors
Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes
If yes, specify non-compliant features	Fully derecognized, No Basel III Loss absorbency features

The main features of BASEL III compliant Tier 2 Bonds are given below:

	BASEL III COMPLIANT TIER II BONDS			
	SR I	SR III	SR IV	SR V
Issuer				
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09260	INE483A09286	INE483A08023	INE483A08031
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment				
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments

Amount				
recognised in				
regulatory capital	•	7 00	5 00	5 00
(Rs. in Crore, as	200	500	500	500
of most recent reporting date)				
reporting date)				
Par value of	Rs. 10 Lakhs	Rs. 10 Lakhs	Rs. 10 Lakhs	Rs. 10 Lakhs
instrument				
Accounting	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
classification				
Original date of	08.11.2013	29.03.2019	30.09.2019	20.03.2020
issuance				
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
1				
Original maturity	08.11.2023	29.05.2029	30.11.2029	20.05.2030
date	00.11.2023	27.03.2027	30.11.2027	20.03.2030
Issuer call subject	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
to prior supervisory				
approval				
Optional call	N.A.	29.05.2024	30.11.2024	20.05.2025
date, contingent				
call dates and				
redemption				
amount				
Subsequent call	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
dates, if				
applicable				
Coupons /				
dividends				

Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	9.90%	10.80%	9.80%	9.20%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	YES	YES	YES	YES
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently	the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event,	the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event,	Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event,
If write-down, full or partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary	Temporary	Temporary	Temporary
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its	It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its	It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its	It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its

common	common	common	common
shareholders	shareholders	shareholders	shareholders
after breaching	after breaching	after breaching	after breaching
the pre-specified	the pre-specified	the pre-specified	the pre-specified
trigger.	trigger.	trigger.	trigger.
Aggregate write-			
up in a year	up in a year	up in a year	
should be	should be	should be	up in a year
restricted to a	restricted to a	restricted to a	should be
percentage of	percentage of	percentage of	restricted to a
dividends	dividends	dividends	percentage of
declared during a	declared during a	declared during a	dividends
year, the	year, the	year, the	declared during a
percentage being	percentage being	percentage being	year, the
the ratio of the	the ratio of the	the ratio of the	percentage being
'equity created	'equity created	'equity created	the ratio of the
by written-down	by written-down	by written-down	'equity created
bonds' to 'the	bonds' to 'the	bonds' to 'the	by written-down
total equity	total equity	total equity	bonds' to 'the
minus the equity	minus the equity	minus the equity	total equity
created by	created by	created by	minus the equity
written-down	written-down	written-down	created by
bonds'.	bonds'.	bonds'.	written-down
			bonds'.
Aggregate write-	Aggregate write-	Aggregate write-	
		up in a year,	Aggregate write-
		should also not	
exceed 25% of	exceed 25% of	exceed 25% of	should also not
the amount paid	the amount paid	the amount paid	exceed 25% of
as dividend to	as dividend to	as dividend to	the amount paid
the common	the common	the common	as dividend to
shareholders in a	shareholders in a	shareholders in a	the common
particular year.	particular year.	particular year.	shareholders in a
		-	particular year.
			-

Position in	All depositors	All depositors	All depositors	All depositors
subordination	and other	and other	and other	and other
hierarchy in	creditors	creditors	creditors	creditors
liquidation				
(specify				
instrument type				
immediately				
senior to				
instrument)				
N. 11	710	710	710	710
Non-compliant	NO	NO	NO	NO
transitioned				
features				
If yes, specify	_	_	_	_
non-compliant				
features				
10000100				

RAVI CHANDRA GOEL DY. GENERAL MANAGER-RMD ASHWINI KUMAR SHUKLA CHIEF RISK OFFICER

RAJEEV PURI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR VIVEK WAHI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

ALOK SRIVASTAVA EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR M. V. RAO
MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO