

PILLAR 3 (BASEL III) DISCLOSURES AS ON 30.09.2022
CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

Table DF-1: Scope of Application

(i) Qualitative Disclosures:

The disclosure in this sheet pertains to Central Bank of India on solo basis.

In the consolidated accounts (disclosed annually), Bank's subsidiaries/associates are treated as under

a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

| Name of the entity / Country of incorporation | Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidation (yes / no) | Explain the method of consolidation | Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidation (yes / no) | Explain the method of consolidation | Explain the reasons for difference in the method of consolidation | Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation |
|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd./ India | Yes | Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21. | Yes | NA | NA | NA |
| Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd./India | Yes | Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21 | Yes | NA | NA | NA |
| Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India | Yes | Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23 | No | NA | NA | Associate: Not under scope of regulatory Consolidation |

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---|----|----|----|--|
| Uttar Banga Kshetriya Gramin Bank, Cooch Behar/ India | Yes | Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23 | No | NA | NA | Associate: Not under scope of regulatory Consolidation |
| Indo-Zambia Bank Ltd. /Zambia. | Yes | Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23 | No | NA | NA | Joint Venture: Not under scope of regulatory Consolidation |

b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

| Name of the entity / country of incorporation | Principal activity of the entity | Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) | % of bank's holding in the total equity | Regulatory treatment of bank's investments in the capital instruments of the entity | Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| NO SUCH ENTITY | | | | | |

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

c. List of group entities considered for consolidation

| Name of the entity / country of incorporation <i>(as indicated in (i)a. above)</i> | Principal activity of the entity | Total balance sheet equity <i>(as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) Rs. in Crore</i> | Total balance sheet assets <i>(as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) Rs. in Crore</i> |
|---|---|--|--|
| Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd./ India | The main objective of the Company is to provide housing finance and mortgage loan | 25.00 | 1393.97 |
| Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd./India | Providing investment banking products / services to corporate clients | 5.00 | 44.98 |

| | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------|----------|
| Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India | Regional Rural Bank | 569.44 | 20484.18 |
| Uttar Banga Kshetriya Gramin Bank, Cooch Behar/ India | Regional Rural Bank | 119.99 | 4728.77 |

d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted: NIL

e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted: NIL

f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group: NIL

Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

Qualitative disclosures

(a) A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities:

The Bank carries out regular assessment of its capital requirement from time to time to maintain the Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) at desired level. The capital plan is reviewed on annual basis to take care of business growth and CRAR.

The Bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk for computation of risk weight.

The Bank has put in place a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process to enable the Bank to plan its capital requirements in relation to its business projections and to meet the risks inherent in the business. The main objective of ICAAP exercise is to identify and measure the risks that are not fully captured by the minimum capital ratio prescribed under

| | |
|--|--|
| <p>Pillar I; the risks that are not at all taken into account by the pillar I; and the factors external to the Bank and to provide capital for such additional risks and to measure an appropriate level of internal capital as per the risk appetite. The Bank has also put in place the stress testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenario on its CRAR.</p> <p>The Bank reviews the ICAAP on quarterly basis.</p> <p>The Bank has taken initiatives to migrate to advanced approaches for Capital Adequacy Computation, and has implemented SAS solution for computation of risk weight under Advanced Approach.</p> | |
| <p>Quantitative disclosures</p> <p>(b) Capital requirements for credit risk:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portfolios subject to standardized approach @9% • Securitization exposures : | <p>Rs. 11532.46 Crore</p> <p>NIL</p> |
| <p>(c) Capital requirements for market risk:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standardized duration approach; - Interest rate risk - Foreign exchange risk (including gold) - Equity risk | <p>Rs. 350.63 Crore</p> <p>Rs. 4.05 Crore</p> <p>Rs.271.02 Crore</p> |
| <p>(d) Capital requirements for operational risk:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Indicator Approach | <p>Rs. 1539.23Crore</p> |
| <p>(e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1and Total Capital ratios:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Common Equity Tier 1 • Tier 1 • Total Capital ratio | <p>11.62%</p> <p>11.62%</p> <p>13.56%</p> |

General qualitative disclosure requirement

A committee of Board of Directors regularly oversees the Bank's Risk Management policies/practices under various risks viz. credit, operational, market, etc. The Bank also has separate committees comprising of top executives of Bank, headed by Managing Director & CEO and Executive Directors, such as Asset Liability Management Committee, Credit Risk Management Committee and Operational Risk Management Committee. These committees meet at regular intervals to assess and monitor the level of risk under various operations and initiate appropriate mitigation measures wherever necessary.

The Risk Management Department at Central Office headed by the Chief Risk Officer measures controls and manages risk within the limits set by the Board and enforces compliance with risk parameters set by the committees. The Chief Risk Officer is assisted by a team of Deputy General Manager, Assistant General Managers, Chief Managers, Senior Managers and Managers.

Risk Managers are posted at all Zonal offices who act as extended arms of Risk Management Department of Central Office. Risk Managers have also been identified at Regional Offices.

The Bank has in place detailed policies such as Credit Risk Policy, Model Risk Policy, Credit Rating Policy, Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, Enterprise Risk Management Policy, Operational Risk Management Policies, ALM Policy, Market Risk Management Policy, etc.

Besides these, the Loan Policy prescribe the parameters governing loan sourcing, guidelines on appraisal and evaluation of credit proposals, lending powers of delegated authorities, exposure norms and prudential limits.

Credit Monitoring Department headed by a General Manager monitors the loan portfolio, identifies Special Mention Accounts and takes corrective measures. Loan Review Mechanism is implemented by the department apart from managing of accounts under CDR mechanism.

Dynamic Review of all account with exposure above Rs 300 Crore is also under taken at specified frequency. Further, Dynamic Review of accounts with exposure above Rs 25 crore is under taken as and when any trigger/event takes place. Credit monitoring policy prescribes the methodology for monitoring and supervising the credit portfolio.

The Bank has introduced rating models for different segments of borrowers including retail lending schemes which measure the risks associated with counterparties and helps in making lending and pricing decisions. In case of large borrowers, credit risk assessment models evaluate Financial risk, Industry risk, Management risk and Business risk of the counter party. Conduct of account is also factored in for arriving at an overall rating of the counter party. If parental support as corporate guarantee is available, it is also factored in. To assess the risk return trade off, RAROC is computed and used in decision making.

Table DF-3

Credit risk: General disclosures for all banks

Qualitative Disclosures

Credit risk

Impaired :

The Working Group to review the existing prudential guidelines on restructuring of advances by banks/financial institutions in its report dated 20.07.2012 observed that as per international accounting standards, accounts are generally treated as impaired on restructuring and recommended that similar practice should be followed in India. Ind AS 109 contains guidance on the recognition, derecognition, classification and measurement of financial instruments including impairment and hedge accounting

A Non-Performing Asset shall be a loan or an advance where-

- (i) Interest and/or instalment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a Term Loan;
- (ii) The account remains out of order for 90 days
- (iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of Bills Purchased and Discounted
- (iv) In case of advances granted for Agricultural purposes
 - a) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
 - b) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops
- (v) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated February 1, 2006.
- (vi) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark to- market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

Out of Order:

An account should be treated as “Out of Order” if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power, or in cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited in the account during the same period.

Overdue:

Any amount due to a bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on due date fixed by the bank.

Credit Risk Management Policy

The Bank has put in place a well-articulated Board approved Credit Risk Policy which is reviewed annually. The policy deals with the following areas:

- Credit risk- definition, Policy and strategy
- Risk identification & measurement,
- Risk grading and aggregation,
- Credit risk rating framework and reporting,
- Risk control and portfolio management,
- Mitigation techniques,
- Target markets and type of economic activity,
- Credit approval authority,

- Country and currency exposure,
- Maturity patterns, level of diversification,
- Cyclical aspect of the economy,
- Credit risk in off balance sheet exposure,
- Credit risk monitoring procedures
- Managing of credit risk in interbank exposure,
- Country risk and other operational matters

(Rs. in Crore)

Quantitative Disclosures:

(a) Total gross credit risk exposures:

Fund based*:

369041.68

Non-fund based:

50650.24

**includes cash, balances with banks, investments, etc*

(b) Geographic distribution of exposures:

- Overseas
- Domestic

16034.45
403657.47

(c)

| S.No | Industry wise Report as of 30.09.2022 (₹ in Crores) | FB EXPOSURE | NFB EXPOSURE | INVESTMENT EXPOSURE |
|------|--|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| 1 | A. Mining and Quarrying | 345.38 | 5.99 | - |
| 2 | A.1 Coal | 252.24 | 2.93 | - |
| 3 | A.2 Others | 93.14 | 3.06 | - |
| 4 | B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5) | 3,210.52 | 927.35 | 486.08 |
| 5 | B.1 Sugar | 654.85 | 11.59 | 425.05 |
| 6 | B.2 Oil | 774.63 | 9.12 | 0.01 |
| 7 | B.3 Tea | 20.52 | 2.47 | 0.07 |
| 8 | B.4 Coffee | 1.00 | - | 60.95 |
| 9 | B.5 Others | 1,759.52 | 904.17 | - |
| 10 | C. Beverages (excluding Tea And Coffee) and Tobacco | 190.33 | 1.29 | - |
| 11 | C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products | 3.59 | - | - |
| 12 | C.2 Others | 186.74 | 1.29 | - |

| | | | | |
|-----------|--|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 13 | D. Textiles | 4,589.50 | 265.74 | 292.23 |
| 14 | D.1 Cotton | 2,668.84 | 218.83 | 183.80 |
| 15 | D.2 Jute | 113.74 | 22.61 | 0.03 |
| 16 | D.3 Man-made | 348.48 | 1.86 | - |
| 17 | D.4 Others | 1,458.44 | 22.44 | 108.40 |
| 18 | Out of D (i.e. Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills | 411.04 | 6.95 | - |
| 19 | E. Leather and Leather products | 168.83 | 7.79 | - |
| 20 | F. Wood and Wood Products | 261.34 | 47.50 | - |
| 21 | G. Paper and Paper Products | 645.68 | 83.31 | 44.99 |
| 22 | H. Petroleum (non-infra) Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels | 2,528.12 | 36.27 | 763.46 |
| 23 | I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes Paints etc.) | 2,490.71 | 769.27 | 11.53 |
| 24 | I.1 Fertilizers | 228.73 | 25.84 | 0.04 |
| 25 | I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals | 894.03 | 692.35 | 9.46 |
| 26 | I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure) | 260.79 | 6.93 | - |
| 27 | I.4 Others | 1,107.16 | 44.15 | 2.03 |
| 28 | J. Rubber Plastic and their Products | 1,056.41 | 167.47 | - |
| 29 | K. Glass and Glassware | 111.94 | 23.31 | - |
| 30 | L. Cement and Cement Products | 1,195.24 | 108.44 | - |
| 31 | M. Basic Metal and Metal Products | 7,020.96 | 1,647.85 | 269.42 |
| 32 | M.1 Iron and Steel | 4,179.60 | 314.03 | 44.91 |
| 33 | M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products | 2,841.36 | 1,333.82 | 224.51 |
| 34 | N. All Engineering | 5,862.52 | 2,497.36 | 378.46 |
| 35 | N.1 Electronics | 3,238.87 | 138.46 | 20.09 |
| 36 | N.2 Others | 2,623.65 | 2,358.90 | 358.37 |
| 37 | O. Vehicles - Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments | 1,914.82 | 130.21 | 17.49 |
| 38 | P. Gems and Jewellery | 3,271.03 | 63.28 | 7.70 |
| 39 | Q. Construction | 4,146.19 | 3,020.87 | 210.49 |
| 40 | R. Infrastructure | 29,035.95 | 1,592.92 | 6,728.95 |
| 41 | R.1. Transport and adjoining Infrastructure | 10,429.54 | 98.23 | 1,201.54 |
| 42 | R. 1.1 Roads and Bridges | 9,130.28 | 65.00 | 1,201.54 |
| 43 | R.1.1.1 Highways | 8,880.28 | 65.00 | 1,201.54 |
| 44 | R.1.1.2 Other Roads | 250.00 | - | - |
| 45 | R.1.2 Ports | 139.64 | - | - |
| 46 | R.1.3 Shipyards | 534.36 | - | - |

| | | | | |
|-----------|--|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 47 | R.1.4 Inland Waterways | - | - | - |
| 48 | R.1.5 Airport | 332.65 | - | - |
| 49 | R.1.6 Railway track including electrical & signalling system, tunnels, viaducts, bridges | 18.47 | 28.97 | - |
| 50 | R.1.7 Railway rolling stock along with workshop and associated maintenance facilities | - | - | - |
| 51 | R.1.8 Railway terminal infrastructure including stations and adjoining commercial infrastructure | - | - | - |
| 52 | R.1.9 Urban Public Transport (except rolling stock in case of urban road transport) | 242.37 | - | - |
| 53 | R.1.10 Logistics Infrastructure | 31.77 | 4.26 | - |
| 54 | R.1.11 Bulk Material Transportation Pipelines | - | - | - |
| 55 | R.2. Energy | 14,246.23 | 1,083.94 | 5,219.59 |
| 56 | R.2.1 Electricity Generation | 7,492.57 | 549.74 | 5,219.59 |
| 57 | R.2.1.1 Central Govt PSUs | 1,441.01 | - | 1,061.70 |
| 58 | R.2.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs) | 961.92 | 5.90 | 3,167.34 |
| 59 | R.2.1.3 Private Sector | 5,089.64 | 543.84 | 990.55 |
| 60 | R.2.2 Electricity Transmission | 86.66 | 37.50 | - |
| 61 | R.2.2.1 Central Govt PSUs | - | - | - |
| 62 | R.2.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs) | 78.00 | - | - |
| 63 | R.2.2.3 Private Sector | 8.66 | 37.50 | - |
| 64 | R.2.3 Electricity Distribution | 6,301.98 | 488.36 | - |
| 65 | R.2.3.1 Central Govt PSUs | - | - | - |
| 66 | R.2.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs) | 6,301.98 | 488.36 | - |
| 67 | R.2.3.3 Private Sector | - | - | - |
| 68 | R.2.4 Oil Pipelines | - | - | - |
| 69 | R.2.5 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) storage facility | 365.02 | 4.95 | - |
| 70 | R.2.6 Gas Pipelines | - | 3.38 | - |
| 71 | R.3. Water and Sanitation | 438.96 | 4.64 | - |
| 72 | R.3.1 Solid Waste Management | 0.69 | - | - |
| 73 | R.3.2 Water supply pipelines | 4.08 | - | - |
| 74 | R.3.3 Water treatment plants | 7.24 | 4.64 | - |
| 75 | R.3.4 Sewage collection, treatment and disposal system | 6.77 | - | - |
| 76 | R.3.5 Irrigation (dams, channels, embankments etc) | 290.97 | - | - |

| | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 77 | R.3.6 Storm Water Drainage System | 129.21 | - | - |
| 78 | R.3.7 Slurry Pipelines | - | - | - |
| 79 | R.4. Communication | 506.74 | 275.00 | 37.88 |
| 80 | R.4.1 Telecommunication (Fixed network) | - | - | - |
| 81 | R.4.2 Telecommunication towers | - | - | - |
| 82 | R.4.3 Telecommunication and Telecom Services | 506.74 | 275.00 | 37.88 |
| 83 | R.5. Social and Commercial Infrastructure | 2,081.30 | 131.12 | - |
| 84 | 5.1 Education Institutions (capital stock) | 591.19 | 25.64 | - |
| 96 | 5.2 Sports Infrastructure | 99.71 | - | - |
| 85 | 5.3 Hospitals (capital stock) | 436.42 | 78.24 | - |
| 86 | 5.4 Tourism Infrastructure | 708.55 | 18.49 | - |
| 87 | 5.4.1 Three-star or higher category classified hotels located outside cities with population of more than 1 million | 680.28 | 18.49 | - |
| 88 | 5.4.2 Ropeways and cable cars | 28.27 | - | - |
| 89 | 5.4.3 Others | - | - | - |
| 90 | 5.5 Common infrastructure for Industrial Parks and other parks with industrial activity such as food parks, textile parks, Special Economic Zones, tourism facilities and agriculture markets | 85.84 | 3.00 | - |
| 91 | 5.6 Fertilizer (Capital investment) | 10.83 | - | - |
| 92 | 5.7 Post harvest storage infrastructure for agriculture and horticultural produce including cold storage | 54.56 | 5.75 | - |
| 93 | 5.8 Terminal markets | 0.20 | - | - |
| 94 | 5.9 Soil-testing laboratories | 0.19 | - | - |
| 95 | 5.10 Cold Chain | 9.23 | - | - |
| 97 | 5.11 Affordable Housing | 84.58 | - | - |
| 98 | 5.12 Affordable Rental Housing Complex | - | - | - |
| 99 | 5.13 Exhibition-cum-Convention Centre | - | - | - |
| 100 | R.6. Others, if any, please specify | 1,333.20 | - | 269.94 |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 101 | S. OTHER INDUSTRIES | 36,320.58 | 2,483.23 | 57.55 |
| 102 | All Industries (A to S) | 1,04,366.03 | 13,879.45 | 9,268.35 |
| 103 | RESIDUARY OTHER ADVANCES | 1,53,093.30 | 4,085.27 | 9,169.16 |
| 104 | ALL LOANS (TOTAL AS ON 30.09.2022) | 2,57,459.33 | 17,964.73 | 18,437.51 |

Industry exposure is more than 5% of gross exposure (Amt. in Rs. cr)

| | Funded | Non-Funded | Investment |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Infrastructure | 29,035.95 | 1,592.92 | 6,728.95 |
| Energy | 14,246.23 | 1,083.94 | 5,219.59 |

(d) Residual maturity breakdown of Performing Assets: (Amt. in Rs. cr)

| | |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Day 1 | 42450.32 |
| 02 days to 07 days: | 2586.25 |
| 08 days to 14 days: | 1840.87 |
| 15 days to 30 days: | 5711.53 |
| 31 days to 2 months: | 9422.89 |
| Above 2 months to 3 months: | 10038.33 |
| Above 3 months to 6 months | 8032.08 |
| Above 6 months to 12 months: | 19965.89 |
| Above 1 year to 3 year | 98844.43 |
| Above 3 years to 5 years | 36772.62 |
| Over 5 years | 75521.95 |
| Total | 311187.18 |

(e) Amount of NPAs (Gross)

(Rs in cr)

| | |
|---------------|------|
| ▪ Substandard | 2813 |
| ▪ Doubtful 1 | 4639 |
| ▪ Doubtful 2 | 4606 |
| ▪ Doubtful 3 | 2641 |
| ▪ Loss | 4360 |

| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|
| (f) Net NPAs (Rs. in cr.) | | 5407 |
| (g) NPA Ratios | | |
| ▪ Gross NPAs to gross advances | | 9.67% |
| ▪ Net NPAs to net advances | | 2.95% |
| (h) Movement of NPAs (Gross) (Rs. in cr.) | | |
| ▪ Opening balance | | 29002 |
| ▪ Additions | | 886 |
| ▪ Reductions | | 10829 |
| ▪ NPA (Gross) | | 19059 |
| (i) Movement of provisions for NPAs (Rs in cr) | | |
| ▪ Opening balance | | 21100.44 |
| ▪ Provisions made during the period | | 0.07 |
| ▪ Write-off/Write-back of excess provisions | | 8587.62 |
| ▪ Closing balance | | 12512.89 |
| (j) Amount of Non-Performing Investments (Rs in cr) | | 2613.34 |
| (k) Amount of provisions held for non-performing investments (Rs in cr) | | 2599.41 |
| (l) Movement of provisions/depreciation on investments: (Rs. in cr) | | |
| ▪ Opening balance | | 5938.74 |
| ▪ Provisions made during the period | | 378.74 |
| ▪ Write-off | | NIL |
| ▪ Write back of excess provision | | 363.40 |
| ▪ Closing balance | | 5954.08 |
| (n) Amount of NPA by 5 major industry (Rs. in cr) | | |
| | Industry Name | Gross NPAs |
| | Infrastructure | 2558.79 |
| | Basic Metal and Metal Products | 930.36 |

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|----------|----------|---|-------|
| | Food Processing | 829.86 | | | | |
| | Textiles | 597.11 | | | | |
| | All Engineering | 452.50 | | | | |
| (o) Amount of NPA by geographic areas (Rs. in cr) | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Overseas</td> <td>Domestic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>19059</td> </tr> </table> | | Overseas | Domestic | 0 | 19059 |
| | Overseas | Domestic | | | | |
| 0 | 19059 | | | | | |

Table DF-4

Credit risk: disclosures for portfolios subject to the standardized approach

| | |
|--|-----------|
| <u>Qualitative Disclosures</u> | |
| <p>a. The Bank has adopted Standardized approach for computation of capital charge for Credit risk as per RBI guidelines. These guidelines envisage different risk weights for different asset classes, which have been duly applied.</p> <p>b. The Bank has recognized the ratings issued by seven External Credit Rating Agencies identified by RBI viz., CRISIL Ratings Ltd., CARE Rating, ICRA Ltd., India Ratings and Research Pvt. Ltd, ACUITE (SMERA) Ratings, BRICKWORK and INFOMERICS to rate the exposures of borrowers.</p> <p>c. These agencies rate all fund and non-fund based exposures. The ratings awarded by these agencies to the Bank's borrowers are adopted for assigning risk-weights.</p> <p>d. In case of Bank's investment in particular issues of Corporates, the issue specific rating of the rating agency is reckoned to assign the risk weight.</p> | |
| Rs. in Crore | |
| <u>Quantitative Disclosures:</u> | |
| (b) For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach | |
| ▪ Below 100 % risk weight: | 348569.20 |
| ▪ 100 % risk weight | 51652.15 |
| ▪ More than 100 % risk weight | 15217.57 |
| ▪ Amount Deducted-CRM | 16486.45 |

Table DF-5
Credit risk mitigation: disclosures for standardized approaches

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <p><u>Qualitative Disclosures</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management; Bank has a well-defined credit risk mitigation and collateral management policy. The main types of collaterals accepted by the Bank are cash and near cash securities, land and building, plant, machinery and stocks etc. ▪ A description of the main types of collateral taken by the Bank; Bank accepts personal guarantees, corporate guarantees and guarantees issued by sovereigns and banks. Collaterals are valued at fair market value and at regular intervals as per the policy guidelines. <p>RBI guidelines recognize various types of financial collaterals for the purpose of credit risk mitigation. The guidelines further provide recognition of guarantees as one of the credit risk mitigants. Bank has put in place suitable policy measures to capture these elements.</p> | |
| Rs. in Crore. | |
| <p><u>Quantitative Disclosures</u></p> <p>(b) For disclosed credit risk portfolio under the standardized approach, the total exposure that is covered by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ eligible financial collateral; ▪ Fund based Non fund based | <p>15155.56</p> <p>1330.89</p> |

Table DF-6
Securitization: disclosure for standardized approach

| | |
|--|-----|
| <u>Qualitative Disclosures:</u> | Nil |
| Rs. in Crore | |
| <u>Quantitative Disclosures</u> | |
| <u>Banking Book</u> | |
| (d) The total amount of exposures securitized by the bank | Nil |
| (e) For exposures securitized losses recognized by the bank during the current period broken down by the exposure type (eg. Credit cards, housing loans, auto loans etc. detailed by underlying security) | Nil |
| (f) Amount of assets intended to be securitized within a year | Nil |
| (g) Of (f), the amount of assets originated within a year before securitization | Nil |
| (h) The total amount of exposures securitized (by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type | Nil |
| (i) Aggregate amount of : | |
| - On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and- | Nil |
| - Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type | Nil |
| (j) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach. | Nil |
| Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing I/Os deducted from Total Capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital (by exposure type) | Nil |
| <u>Quantitative Disclosures</u> | |
| <u>Trading Book:</u> | |
| (k) Aggregate amount of exposures securitized by the bank for which the bank has retained some exposures and which is subject to the market risk approach by exposure type | Nil |

| | |
|--|-----|
| (l) Aggregate amount of : - On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and- | Nil |
| - Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type | Nil |
| (m) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased separately for : | Nil |
| - securitization exposures retained or purchased subject to comprehensive risk measure for specific risk: and | Nil |
| - securitization exposures subject to the securitization framework for specific risk broken down into different risk weight bands | Nil |
| (n) Aggregate amount of : | |
| - The capital requirements for the securitization exposures, subject to the securitization framework broken down into different risk weight bands | Nil |
| - Securitization exposures that are deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing I/O deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital (by exposure type) | Nil |

**Table DF-7
Market risk in trading book**

Qualitative disclosures

The Bank has a well-defined Market Risk Management Policy. This policy covers all important areas of market risk measurement.

Bank defines Market Risk as the risk of loss in on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates, in particular, changes in interest rates, exchange rates and equity and commodity prices.

The Bank has adopted Standardized Duration Approach for measuring the capital requirements for market risk as prescribed by RBI.

Policies for management of Market Risk:

The Bank has put in place Board approved Market Risk Management Policy for effective management of Market Risk in the Bank. Other policies which also deal with Market Risk Management are Integrated Treasury Policy and Asset Liability Management Policy.

The policies set various prudential exposure limits and risk limits for ensuring that the operations are in line with Bank's expectations of return through proper Market Risk Management and Asset Liability Management.

Asset-Liability Management

The ALM Policy is framed as per the extant regulatory guidelines and is approved by the Board of Directors. The Policy is reviewed periodically to incorporate changes as required by regulatory stipulation or to re-align with changes in the economic landscape. The ALCO of the Bank approves and reviews strategies and provides guidance for management of liquidity risk and interest rate risk within the framework laid out in the ALM Policy. The Risk Committee of the Board has an oversight on the ALCO.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is measured using flow approach & stock approach. Flow approach involves comprehensive tracking of cash flow mismatches. Stock approach involves measurement of critical ratios in respect of liquidity risk.

Further, Bank has also adopted the Basel III framework on liquidity standards and has put in place requisite systems and processes to enable monitoring and reporting of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), as per the extant regulations. The Bank has a Board approved liquidity stress framework guided by the regulatory instructions. Bank has also set up a formal contingency funding plan (CFP) that sets out the strategies for addressing liquidity shortfalls in emergency situations.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk where changes in market interest rates affect a bank's financial position. Changes in interest rates impact a bank's earnings through changes in its Net Interest Income (NII). Changes in interest rates also impact a bank's Market Value of Equity (MVE) through changes in the economic value of its rate sensitive assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet positions. The interest rate risk, when viewed from these two perspectives, is known as 'earnings perspective' and 'economic value perspective', respectively.

The Bank measures and controls IRRBB using both Earnings Perspective (Traditional Gap Analysis) and Economic Value Perspective (Duration Gap Analysis). These methods involve bucketing of rate sensitive assets and rate sensitive liabilities including off-balance sheet items, based on the maturity/re-pricing dates.

Quantitative disclosures

| Capital Requirement for Market Risk | Capital Charge (Rs. in Crore) |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Interest Rate Risk | 350.63 |
| Equity Position Risk | 271.02 |
| Foreign Exchange Risk | 4.05 |

| | |
|--------------|---------------|
| TOTAL | 625.71 |
|--------------|---------------|

**Table DF-8
Operational risk**

| |
|--|
| <p>Qualitative disclosures</p> <p>Operational Risk is the risk of losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Operational Risk includes legal risk but excludes strategic and reputation risks. Operational Risk Management in the Bank is guided by a well-defined Operational Risk Management Policy which is reviewed every year. The Bank has initiated pro-active steps to equip itself to migrate to advanced approaches under Operational Risk and has started collation of data pertaining to loss events including near miss event through Loss Data Management, Risk & Control Self-Assessment (RCSA), Key Risk Indicators (KRI). Bank is also a member of loss data consortium “PSB Alliance” (erstwhile CORDEX) from where external loss data is obtained.</p> <p>The Bank has put in place SAS system for moving to Advanced Measurement Approach.</p> <p>The Bank has provided capital for operational risk as per Basic Indicator Approach. Accordingly the capital requirement for operational risk as on 30.09.2022 is Rs. 1539.23 Crore.</p> |
|--|

**Table DF-9
Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)**

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| <p>Qualitative Disclosure:</p> <p>The interest rate risk is measured and monitored through two approaches:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Earning at risk (Traditional Gap Analysis) The impact of change in interest rates on net interest income is analyzed under this approach and calculated under yield curve approach. Under this approach a parallel shift of 1% is assumed both in assets and liabilities. 2) Economic Value of Equity: Modified duration of assets and liabilities is computed separately to arrive at modified duration of equity. A parallel shift in yield curve by 200 basis point is assumed for calculating the economic value of equity. | |
| Quantitative Disclosure | |
| Parameter of Change | Rs. in Crore |
| 1.Impact on Earnings at 100 bps increase in interest rate across assets and liability | 419.76 |

| | |
|---|--------|
| 2. Market value of Equity: 200 bps change | 438.74 |
|---|--------|

Table DF-10

General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

| Qualitative Disclosures | (a) | <p>The Bank assigns credit limits for counterparty exposure on the basis of capital adequacy, asset quality, earnings, liquidity and management quality.</p> <p>The Bank has a well-defined market risk management policy.</p> <p>The Bank deals in various derivative products and interest Rate Swaps. The Bank used derivative products for hedging its own balance sheet items as well as for trading purposes.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|
| Quantitative Disclosures | (b) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: right;">Rs. in Crore</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Particulars</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Amount</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Gross positive value of contracts</td> <td style="text-align: right;">288.84</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Netting Benefits</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Netted current credit exposure</td> <td style="text-align: right;">288.84</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Collateral held</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net Derivative Credit Exposure</td> <td style="text-align: right;">466.15</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Rs. in Crore | | Particulars | Amount | Gross positive value of contracts | 288.84 | Netting Benefits | 0 | Netted current credit exposure | 288.84 | Collateral held | 0 | Net Derivative Credit Exposure | 466.15 | |
| Rs. in Crore | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Particulars | Amount | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross positive value of contracts | 288.84 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Netting Benefits | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Netted current credit exposure | 288.84 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Collateral held | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Derivative Credit Exposure | 466.15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3" style="text-align: right;">Rs. in Crore</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Item</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Notional Amount</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Current credit Exposure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Forward Forex contracts</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6285.85</td> <td style="text-align: right;">308.22</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Currency futures and Cross Currency Swaps including cross currency interest rate swaps</td> <td style="text-align: right;">699.61</td> <td style="text-align: right;">16.92</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Interest rate Contracts</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4110.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;">148.27</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Rs. in Crore | | | Item | Notional Amount | Current credit Exposure | Forward Forex contracts | 6285.85 | 308.22 | Currency futures and Cross Currency Swaps including cross currency interest rate swaps | 699.61 | 16.92 | Interest rate Contracts | 4110.00 | 148.27 |
| Rs. in Crore | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Item | Notional Amount | Current credit Exposure | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forward Forex contracts | 6285.85 | 308.22 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Currency futures and Cross Currency Swaps including cross currency interest rate swaps | 699.61 | 16.92 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate Contracts | 4110.00 | 148.27 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table DF-11: Composition of Capital

Basel III common disclosure template as on Sept 30, 2022

| Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves | | Rs. in Crore | Ref. No. |
|---|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium) | 8680.94 | |
| 2 | Retained earnings | 0 | |
| 3 | Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves) | 16694.18 | |
| 4 | Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies ¹) | 0 | |
| 5 | Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1) | 0 | |
| 6 | Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments | 25375.13 | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments | | | |
| 7 | Prudential valuation adjustments | 0 | |
| 8 | Goodwill (net of related tax liability) | 0 | |
| 9 | Intangibles (net of related tax liability) | 0 | |
| 10 | Deferred tax assets (Business Loss) | 2595.19 | |
| 11 | Cash-flow hedge reserve | 0 | |
| 12 | Shortfall of provisions to expected losses | 0 | |
| 13 | Securitisation gain on sale | 0 | |
| 14 | Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities | 0 | |
| 15 | Defined-benefit pension fund net assets | 195.23 | |
| 16 | Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet) | 2649.22 | |
| 17 | Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity | 0.00 | |
| 18 | Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) | 0 | |
| 19 | Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) | 0 | |
| 20 | Mortgage servicing rights(amount above 10% threshold) | 0 | |
| 21 | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) | 1895.51 | |
| 22 | Amount exceeding the 15% threshold | 0 | |
| 23 | of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities | 0 | |
| 24 | of which: mortgage servicing rights | 0 | |
| 25 | of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences | 0 | |
| 26 | National specific regulatory adjustments ⁷ (26a+26b+26c+26d) | 0 | |

| | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|--|
| 26a | of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries | 0 | |
| 26b | of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries | 0 | |
| 26c | of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank | 0 | |
| 26d | of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures | 0 | |
| 27 | Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions | 0 | |
| 28 | Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1 | 7335.15 | |
| 29 | Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1) | 18039.98 | |
| Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments | | | |
| 30 | Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32) | 0 | |
| 31 | of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) | 0 | |
| 32 | of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) | 0 | |
| 33 | Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1 | 0 | |
| 34 | Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) | 0 | |
| 35 | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out | 0 | |
| 36 | Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments | 0 | |
| Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments | | | |
| 37 | Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments | 0 | |
| 38 | Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments | 0 | |
| 39 | Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold) | 0 | |
| 40 | Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) | 0 | |
| 41 | National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b) | 0 | |
| 41a | Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries | 0 | |
| 41b | Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank | 0 | |
| 42 | Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions | 0 | |
| 43 | Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital | 0 | |
| 44 | Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) | 0 | |

| | | | |
|---|--|------------------|--|
| 45 | Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a) | 18039.98 | |
| Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions | | | |
| 46 | Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus | 1700.00 | |
| 47 | Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2 | 0 | |
| 48 | Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2) | 0 | |
| 49 | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out | 0 | |
| 50 | Provisions (Revaluation reserves, Provision on Standard assets, sale of NPAetc) | 1306.01 | |
| 51 | Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments | 3006.01 | |
| 52 | Investments in own Tier 2 instruments | 0 | |
| 53 | Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments | 0 | |
| 54 | Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) | 0 | |
| 55 | Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) | 0 | |
| 56 | National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) | 0 | |
| 56a | of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries | 0 | |
| 56b | of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank | 0 | |
| 57 | Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital | 0 | |
| 58a | Tier 2 capital | 3006.01 | |
| 58b | Tier 2 capital (T2) admissible for regulatory capital purposes | 3006.01 | |
| 59 | Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58) | 21045.99 | |
| 60 | Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) | 155200.34 | |
| 60a | of which: total credit risk weighted assets | 128138.49 | |
| 60b | of which: total market risk weighted assets | 7821.41 | |
| 60c | of which: total operational risk weighted assets | 19240.44 | |
| Capital ratios | | | |
| 61 | Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 11.62% | |
| 62 | Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 11.62% | |
| 63 | Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 13.56% | |
| 64 | Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 8.00% | |
| 65 | of which: capital conservation buffer requirement | 2.50% | |
| 66 | of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement | 0.00% | |
| 67 | of which: G-SIB buffer requirement | 0.00% | |

| | | | |
|---|--|--------------|--|
| 68 | Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 0.00% | |
| National minima (if different from Basel III) | | | |
| 69 | National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) | 8.00% | |
| 70 | National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) | 9.50% | |
| 71 | National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) | 11.50% | |
| Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting) | | | |
| 72 | Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities | NA | |
| 73 | Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities | NA | |
| 74 | Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability) | NA | |
| 75 | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) | NA | |
| Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 | | | |
| 76 | Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap) | NA | |
| 77 | Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach | NA | |
| 78 | Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap) | NA | |
| 79 | Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach | NA | |
| <i>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022)</i> | | | |
| 80 | Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements | NA | |
| 81 | Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) | NA | |
| 82 | Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements | NA | |
| 83 | Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) | NA | |
| 84 | Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements | 0 | |
| 85 | Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) | 0 | |

Table DF-12: Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements

| | | (Rs. in Crore) | |
|----------|---|---|-----------|
| | | Balance sheet as in financial statements | Reference |
| | | As on 30.09.2022 | |
| A | Capital & Liabilities | | |
| i | Paid-up Capital | 8680.94 | |
| | of which: Amount eligible for CET 1 | 8680.93 | |
| | of which: Amount eligible for AT 1 | 0 | |
| | Reserves & Surplus | 19398.71 | |
| | Share application Money pending allotment | 0 | |
| | Minority Interest | 0 | |
| | Total Capital | 28079.64 | |
| ii | Deposits | 343080.71 | |
| | of which: Deposits from banks | 1258.72 | |
| | of which: Customer deposits | 341821.99 | |
| | of which: Other deposits (pl. specify) | - | |
| iii | Borrowings | 7667.05 | |
| | of which: From RBI | 1764.00 | |
| | of which: From banks | 0 | |
| | of which: From other institutions & agencies | 3403.05 | |
| | of which: Others (Outside India) | 0 | |
| | of which: Subordinated Debt | 0 | |
| | of which: Upper Tier 2 | 0 | |
| | of which: Unsecured. reedem NC Basel III Bonds (Tier 2) | 2500.00 | |
| | of which: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instrument | 0 | |
| iv | Other liabilities & provisions | 7981.70 | |
| | Total | 386809.11 | |
| B | Assets | | |
| i | Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India | 26557.11 | |
| | Balance with banks and money at call and short notice | 19184.52 | |
| ii | Investments: | 133654.77 | |
| iii | Loans and advances | 183369.14 | |
| | of which: Loans and advances to banks | 0 | |
| | of which: Loans and advances to customers | 183369.14 | |
| iv | Fixed assets | 4869.55 | |
| v | Other assets | 19174.02 | |
| | of which: Goodwill and intangible assets | 0 | |
| | of which: Deferred tax assets | 6484.24 | |
| vi | Goodwill on consolidation | 0 | |
| vii | Debit balance in Profit & Loss account | 0 | |
| | Total Assets | 386809.11 | |

Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments

The main features of Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

| Details | Equity |
|--|-----------------------|
| Issuer | CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA |
| Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement) | INE483A01010 |
| Governing law(s) of the instrument | Indian Laws |
| <i>Regulatory treatment</i> | |
| Transitional Basel III rules | Common Equity Tier 1 |
| Post-transitional Basel III rules | Common Equity Tier 1 |
| Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo | Solo and Group |
| Instrument type | Common Shares |
| Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in Crore, as of most recent reporting date) | Rs. 8681 |
| Par value of instrument | Rs. 10 per share |
| Accounting classification | Shareholder's Equity |
| Original date of issuance | Various |
| Perpetual or dated | Perpetual |
| Original maturity date | N.A. |
| Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval | No |
| Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount | N.A. |
| Subsequent call dates, if applicable | N.A. |
| <i>Coupons / dividends</i> | |
| Fixed or floating dividend/coupon | Floating |
| Coupon rate and any related index | N.A. |
| Existence of a dividend stopper | No |
| Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory | Fully discretionary |

| | |
|---|---|
| Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem | No |
| Noncumulative or cumulative | N.A. |
| Convertible or non-convertible | N.A. |
| If convertible, conversion trigger(s) | N.A. |
| If convertible, fully or partially | N.A. |
| If convertible, conversion rate | N.A. |
| If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion | N.A. |
| If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into | N.A. |
| If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into | N.A. |
| Write-down feature | N.A. |
| If write-down, write-down trigger(s) | N.A. |
| If write-down, full or partial | N.A. |
| If write-down, permanent or temporary | N.A. |
| If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism | N.A. |
| Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument) | All depositors and others Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS |
| Non-compliant transitioned features | No |
| If yes, specify non-compliant features | |

The main features of BASEL III compliant Tier 2 Bonds are given below:

| | SR I | SR III | SR IV | SR V |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Issuer | | | | |
| Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement) | INE483A09260 | INE483A09286 | INE483A08023 | INE483A08031 |
| Governing law(s) of the instrument | Indian Laws | Indian Laws | Indian Laws | Indian Laws |
| <i>Regulatory treatment</i> | | | | |
| Transitional Basel III rules | Tier 2 | Tier 2 | Tier 2 | Tier 2 |
| Post-transitional Basel III rules | ELIGIBLE | ELIGIBLE | ELIGIBLE | ELIGIBLE |
| Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo | Solo and Group | Solo and Group | Solo and Group | Solo and Group |
| Instrument type | Tier 2 Debt Instruments |

| | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in Crore, as of most recent reporting date) | 200 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Par value of instrument | Rs. 10 Lakhs | Rs. 10 Lakhs | Rs. 10 Lakhs | Rs. 10 Lakhs |
| Accounting classification | LIABILITY | LIABILITY | LIABILITY | LIABILITY |
| Original date of issuance | 08.11.2013 | 29.03.2019 | 30.09.2019 | 20.03.2020 |
| Perpetual or dated | DATED | DATED | DATED | DATED |
| Original maturity date | 08.11.2023 | 29.05.2029 | 30.11.2029 | 20.05.2030 |
| Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount | N.A. | 29.05.2024 | 30.11.2024 | 20.05.2025 |
| Subsequent call dates, if applicable | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| <i>Coupons / dividends</i> | | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fixed or floating dividend/coupon | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed |
| Coupon rate and any related index | 9.90% | 10.80% | 9.80% | 9.20% |
| Existence of a dividend stopper | No | No | No | No |
| Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory | Mandatory | Mandatory | Mandatory | Mandatory |
| Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem | No | No | No | No |
| Noncumulative or cumulative | Noncumulative | Noncumulative | Noncumulative | Noncumulative |
| Convertible or non-convertible | Nonconvertible | Nonconvertible | Nonconvertible | Nonconvertible |
| If convertible, conversion trigger(s) | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| If convertible, fully or partially | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| If convertible, conversion rate | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Write-down feature | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| If write-down, write-down trigger(s) | These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger") | These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger") | These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger") | These bonds, at the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger") |
| If write-down, full or partial | Partial | Partial | Partial | Partial |
| If write-down, permanent or temporary | Temporary | Temporary | Temporary | Temporary |

| | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| <p>If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism</p> | <p>It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its common shareholders after breaching the pre-specified trigger.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year should be restricted to a percentage of dividends declared during a year, the percentage being the ratio of the 'equity created by written-down bonds' to 'the total equity minus the equity created by written-down bonds'.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as dividend to the common shareholders in a</p> | <p>It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its common shareholders after breaching the pre-specified trigger.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year should be restricted to a percentage of dividends declared during a year, the percentage being the ratio of the 'equity created by written-down bonds' to 'the total equity minus the equity created by written-down bonds'.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as</p> | <p>It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its common shareholders after breaching the pre-specified trigger.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year should be restricted to a percentage of dividends declared during a year, the percentage being the ratio of the 'equity created by written-down bonds' to 'the total equity minus the equity created by written-down bonds'.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as</p> | <p>It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its common shareholders after breaching the pre-specified trigger.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year should be restricted to a percentage of dividends declared during a year, the percentage being the ratio of the 'equity created by written-down bonds' to 'the total equity minus the equity created by written-down bonds'.</p> <p>Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as dividend to the common shareholders in a particular year.</p> |
|---|---|--|--|--|

| | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | particular year. | dividend to the common shareholders in a particular year. | dividend to the common shareholders in a particular year. | |
| Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument) | All depositors and other creditors | All depositors and other creditors | All depositors and other creditors | All depositors and other creditors |
| Non-compliant transitioned features | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| If yes, specify non-compliant features | - | - | - | - |

Table DF-14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments

| Sr. No. | Capital type | Instruments | Full Terms and Conditions |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. | Equity | Equity | As disclosed in Main features section |
| 2. | TIER 2 | BASEL III COMPLIANT BOND | As disclosed in Main features section |

Table DF-16: Equities – Disclosure for Banking Book Positions As on 30.09.2022

Qualitative Disclosures

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | <p>The general qualitative disclosure requirement (Para 2.1 of this annex) with respect to equity risk, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under other objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons; and • Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holdings in the banking book. This includes the accounting techniques and valuation methodologies used, including key assumptions and practices affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practices. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investments in equity of subsidiaries and joint ventures (a Joint Venture would be one in which the bank, along with its subsidiaries, holds more than 25 percent of the equity) are required to classified under HTM category in accordance with the RBI guidelines. These are held with a strategic objective to maintain strategic relationships or for strategic business purposes. • In accordance with the RBI guidelines on investment classification and valuation, Investments are classified on the date of purchase into “Held for Trading” (HFT), “Available for Sale” (AFS) and “Held to Maturity” (HTM) categories (hereinafter called “categories”). Investments which the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified as HTM securities. In accordance with the RBI guidelines, equity investments held under the HTM category are classified as banking book for capital adequacy purpose. <p>Investments classified under HTM category are carried at their acquisition cost and not marked to market. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of equity investments is provided for. Any loss on sale of investments in HTM category is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any gain from sale of investments under HTM category is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and is appropriated, net of taxes and statutory reserve, to “Capital Reserve” in accordance with the RBI Guidelines.</p> |
|---|---|--|

| Quantitative Disclosures | | Rs. in Crore | |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | BOOK VALUE 30.09.2022 | FAIR VALUE 30.09.2022 |
| 1 | Value disclosed in the balance sheet of investments, as well as the fair value of those investments | 313.01 | 415.03 |
| | Publicly quoted share values where the share price is materially different from fair value | - | - |
| 2 | The types and nature of investments, including the amount that can be classified as: | - | - |

| | | | |
|---|---|--------|--------|
| | Publicly traded | - | - |
| | Privately held. | 313.01 | 415.03 |
| | JV In India (Cent Bank Home Finance) | 21.90 | 21.90 |
| | Associate Outside India (JV in Indo Zambia Bank Ltd) | 47.49 | 47.49 |
| | RRBs | 231.09 | 231.09 |
| | Subsidiaries(Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd) | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| | Strategic Investments-Central Ware housing Corporation | 2.09 | 104.25 |
| | Strategic Investments-IFCI | 3.37 | 3.37 |
| | Strategic Investments-Other FIs (GSFC, JKFC, WBFC) | 2.07 | 2.07 |
| 3 | The cumulative realised gains (losses) arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period. | - | - |
| 4 | Total unrealised gains (losses) | - | - |
| 5 | Total latent revaluation gains (losses) | NIL | NIL |
| 6 | Any amounts of the above included in Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 capital. | - | - |
| 7 | Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the bank's methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and the type of equity investments subject to any supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions regarding regulatory capital requirements. | NA | NA |

LEVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURES AS ON 30.09.2022

LEVERAGE RATIO

The minimum risk-based capital requirements under Basel III will be supplemented by non-risk-based **Tier 1 leverage ratio**.

| Table DF 17- Summary comparison of Accounting assets vs. leverage ratio exposure measure | | |
|---|--|----------------|
| | Item | (Rs. in Crore) |
| 1 | Total consolidated per published financial statements assets as | 387778.72 |
| 2 | Less: Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation | 0 |
| 3 | Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure | 0 |
| 4 | Adjustments for derivative financial instruments | 3362.41 |
| 5 | Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending) | 406.75 |
| 6 | Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures) | 16727.08 |
| 7 | Other adjustments | (7315.12) |
| 8 | Leverage ratio exposure | 400959.84 |

| DF-18: Leverage ratio common disclosure template | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| | | (Amount in Rs. Crore) |
| On-balance sheet exposures | | |
| 1 | On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral) | 379637.03 |
| 2 | (Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital) | (7315.12) |
| 3 | Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2) | 372321.91 |
| Derivative exposures | | |
| 4 | Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin) | 1488.67 |
| 5 | Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions | 1873.74 |
| 6 | Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework | 0 |
| 7 | (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions) | 0 |
| 8 | (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) | 0 |
| 9 | Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives | 0 |
| 10 | (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives) | 0 |
| 11 | Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10) | 8548.45 |
| Securities financing transaction exposures | | |
| 12 | Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions | 8471.94 |
| 13 | (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets) | 0 |
| 14 | CCR exposure for SFT assets | 76.51 |
| 15 | Agent transaction exposures | 0 |
| 16 | Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15) | 8548.45 |

| | | |
|-----------|---|------------------|
| | Other off-balance sheet exposures | |
| 17 | Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount | 58405.87 |
| 18 | (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) | (41678.79) |
| 19 | Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18) | 16727.08 |
| | Capital and total exposures | |
| 20 | Tier 1 capital | 18171.20 |
| 21 | Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) | 400959.84 |
| | Leverage ratio | |
| 22 | Basel III leverage ratio (per cent) | 4.53% |

R C GOEL
DY. GENERAL MANAGER-RMD

ASHWINI KUMAR SHUKLA
CHIEF RISK OFFICER

RAJEEV PURI
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

VIVEK WAHI
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

ALOK SRIVASTAVA
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

M. V. RAO
MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO